

**FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS**

# MailMarshal Blended Threat Module

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# 1 What is a Blended Threat?

A Blended Threat is an attempt to compromise information security that uses multiple vectors. Blended Threat email messages are typically crafted so that they appear to be from a trusted sender. They contain links to a website hosting malicious code, or attempting to entice the user into providing personal information. Blended Threat emails are sometimes targeted to a specific individual or individuals.

# 2 What is the Blended Threat Module?

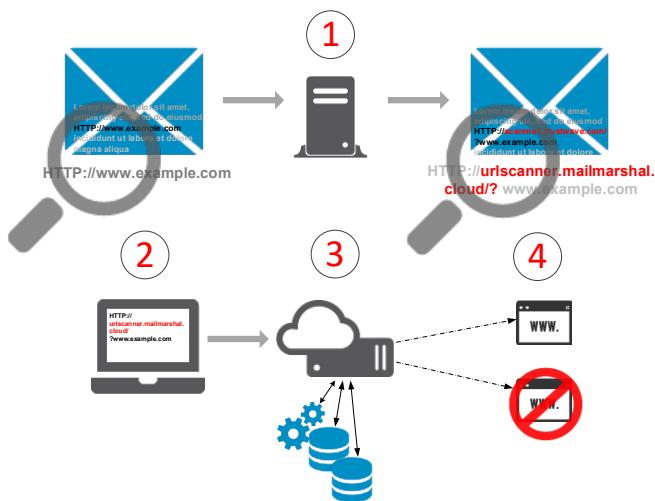
The MailMarshal Blended Threat Module uses a number of validation methods, including real-time behavioral analysis and content inspection as well as information from a number of industry standard sources, to identify and block sites that serve suspicious or malicious code.

Because validation is performed in real time by a cloud service when a link is clicked, it provides superior effectiveness in catching and neutralizing new exploits for all users on any device from any location.

# 3 How Does the BTM Work?

The BTM functions as follows:

1. MailMarshal scans email messages and rewrites URL links before delivering the email.
2. Clicking a link invokes the Blended Threat Link Validator cloud service.
3. The Link Validator passes the URL to one or more validation services.
4. Depending on the results of validation, the Link Validator redirects the request to the original site, or blocks the request, as described below.



## 4 How Does URL Validation Work?

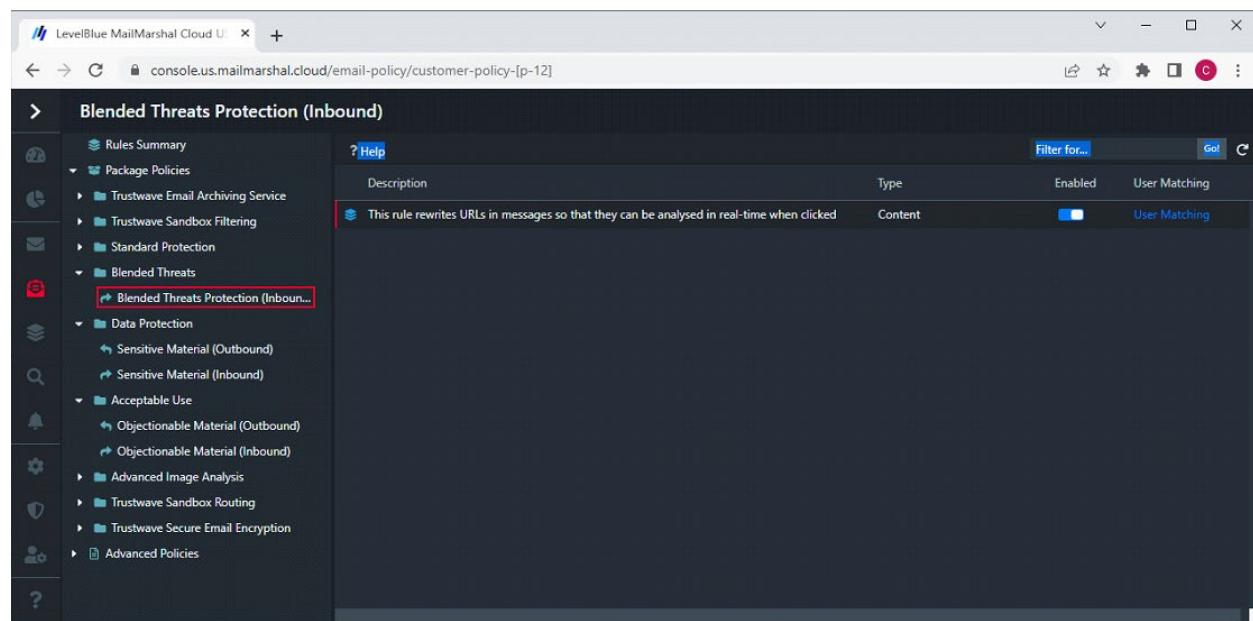
URLs are loaded, followed if they contain redirects, and subjected to a range of different URL validation services. These include various URL reputation services that check whether the URL has been associated with phishing or other malicious activity. URLs are also subject to real-time checking of page content using a proprietary URL classifier, based on machine learning technology, which is continuously trained on real-world data to recognize phishing and other threats. Real-time scanning helps detection of new threats in the window of time before URLs become listed in reputation lists.

## 5 How Do I Enable the BTM?

The BTM is implemented as a Rule Action in MailMarshal.

### 5.1 MailMarshal Cloud

All MailMarshal Cloud customers have access to the Blended Threats package. The Package contains a single rule to rewrite URLs, which is enabled by default. The customer can choose to bypass scanning for some users, as described later in this document.



The screenshot shows the MailMarshal Cloud web interface. The left sidebar has a tree view of policy categories: Rules Summary, Package Policies (with Trustwave Email Archiving Service, Trustwave Sandbox Filtering, Standard Protection), Blended Threats (selected), Data Protection (with Sensitive Material Outbound and Inbound), Acceptable Use (with Objectionable Material Outbound and Inbound), Advanced Image Analysis, Trustwave Sandbox Routing, Trustwave Secure Email Encryption, and Advanced Policies. The main content area is titled 'Blended Threats Protection (Inbound)'. It shows a table with one rule:

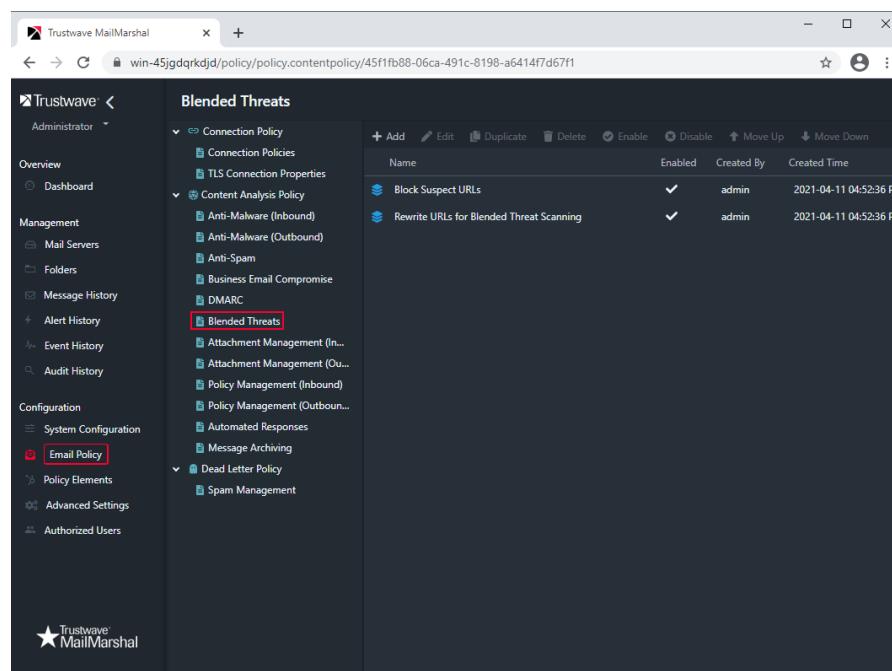
Description	Type	Enabled	User Matching
This rule rewrites URLs in messages so that they can be analysed in real-time when clicked	Content	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	User Matching

## 5.2 MailMarshal (SEG) Premises

MailMarshal Premises installations require Web access from the Array Manager server. The required URLs are:

- <https://mailmarshal.licensing.marshall.com> (used to validate licensing for this feature)
- <https://urlscanner.mailmarshal.cloud> (used to retrieve information about URL rewriting activity from the cloud service). For versions below 11.2, the URL is <https://stats.scanmail.trustwave.com>

MailMarshal includes a default Policy Group (Blended Threats), and a Rule to enable the BTM. This rule is disabled by default because the BTM is separately licensed. To use the rule, simply enable it and then commit configuration. Customers who have not licensed this feature will not be able to enable this rule.



The screenshot shows the Trustwave MailMarshal web interface. The left sidebar has a tree view with 'Administrator' selected. Under 'Email Policy', 'Blended Threats' is highlighted with a red box. The main content area shows a table of rules:

Name	Enabled	Created By	Created Time
Block Suspect URLs	✓	admin	2021-04-11 04:52:36 PM
Rewrite URLs for Blended Threat Scanning	✓	admin	2021-04-11 04:52:36 PM



**Note:** MailMarshal Premises installations that were originally installed using versions below 7.0 do not include this default rule. The customer must create a rule using the action *Rewrite URLs in the message for Blended Threat Scanning*. This rule should be placed after anti-virus and spam blocking rules.

## 6 What URLs Does the BTM Rewrite and Check?

The BTM attempts to rewrite any link or text in the body of an email message that might be clickable when the user reads the message. In HTML message bodies, the link location (`href`) is rewritten. In both HTML and plain text message bodies, text URLs are rewritten.

The BTM does not rewrite links in attached files such as PDF or Office documents. The BTM does rewrite links in attached email messages.

Links that may be rewritten include text that "looks like" a URL either with or without the protocol part like `http://` as well as IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and obfuscated links.

In MailMarshal Premises only, the BTM also rewrites text links in the message subject.

The BTM does not rewrite URLs of the customer's local domains (domains used for inbound email delivery), or private network IP addresses.

For full technical details of the types of links that are rewritten and excluded from rewriting, see Knowledge Base article [Q14548](#).

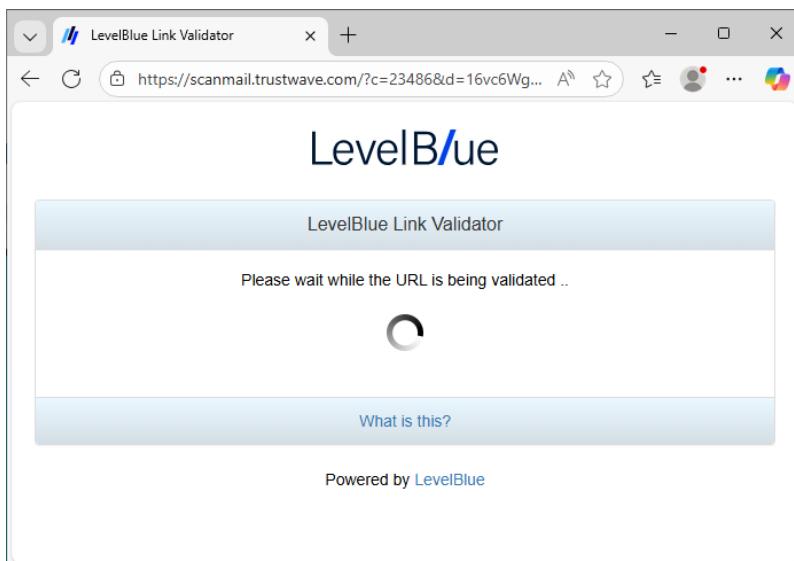
## 7 What Do End Users See?

When a user opens a message, if the message is displayed in plain text all links will be visibly altered. HTML messages will not be visibly altered, but hovering over a link shows the rewritten URL.

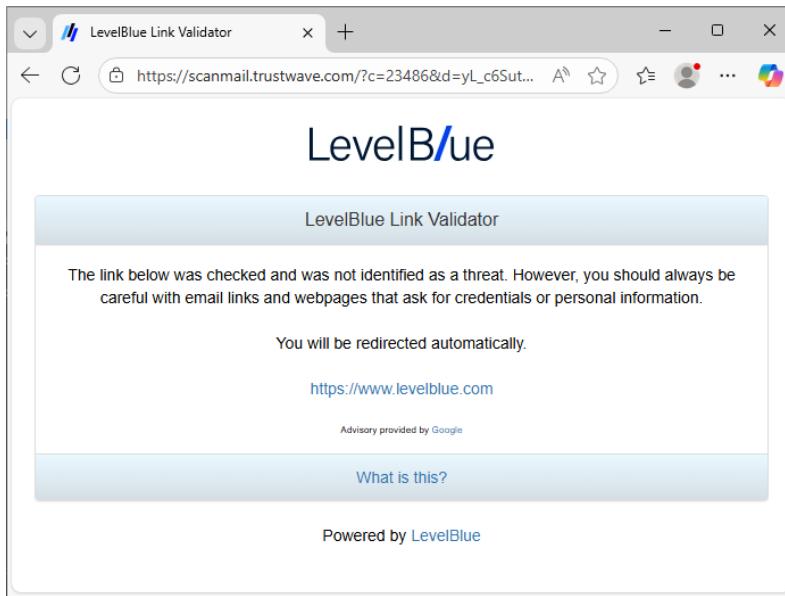
The URL of the Link Validator cloud service accessed by the email clients is:

`http://scanmail.trustwave.com/`

When the user clicks a link, the URL is passed to the Trustwave Link Validator for evaluation. An information page displays briefly.



When a result is available it is reported.



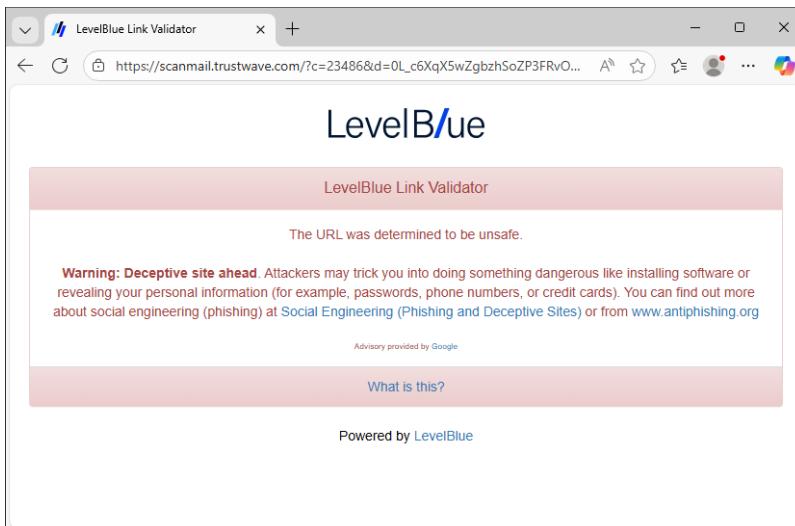
The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title 'LevelBlue Link Validator'. The URL in the address bar is [https://scanmail.trustwave.com/?c=23486&d=yL\\_c6Sut...](https://scanmail.trustwave.com/?c=23486&d=yL_c6Sut...). The main content area displays the LevelBlue logo and the text: 'The link below was checked and was not identified as a threat. However, you should always be careful with email links and webpages that ask for credentials or personal information.' Below this, it says 'You will be redirected automatically.' followed by the URL <https://www.levelblue.com>. A small note at the bottom says 'Advisory provided by Google'. At the bottom of the page is a 'Powered by LevelBlue' link.

If the result is "not identified as a threat", the user is automatically redirected to the original URL.



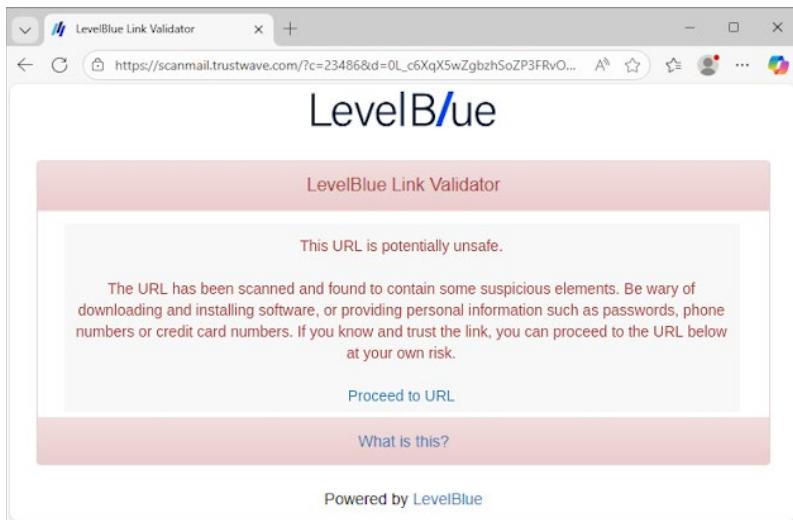
**Caution:** Even if a site is not determined to be a threat, users should always take due care, particularly if the site requests credentials or personal information.

If the result is "malicious" or "unsafe", a block page displays. In some cases a link with more specific information about the block source is included.



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title 'LevelBlue Link Validator'. The URL in the address bar is [https://scanmail.trustwave.com/?c=23486&d=0L\\_c6XqX5wZgbhSoZP3FRvO...](https://scanmail.trustwave.com/?c=23486&d=0L_c6XqX5wZgbhSoZP3FRvO...). The main content area displays the LevelBlue logo and the text: 'The URL was determined to be unsafe.' Below this, it says 'Warning: Deceptive site ahead. Attackers may trick you into doing something dangerous like installing software or revealing your personal information (for example, passwords, phone numbers, or credit cards). You can find out more about social engineering (phishing) at [Social Engineering \(Phishing and Deceptive Sites\)](#) or from [www.antiphishing.org](#)'. A small note at the bottom says 'Advisory provided by Google'. At the bottom of the page is a 'Powered by LevelBlue' link.

In some cases the scan notes a page as suspicious, but with lower confidence. In these cases the validator page presents a warning, but allows click-through to the original site.



If the validator cannot check the URL, the user will be informed and will be offered the opportunity to click through to the site without validation.

This could occur if

- the BTM license of the customer company that originally rewrote the URL is expired
- the validator encounters an error accessing the site

## 8 Can I Bypass the BTM for Some Users or URLs?

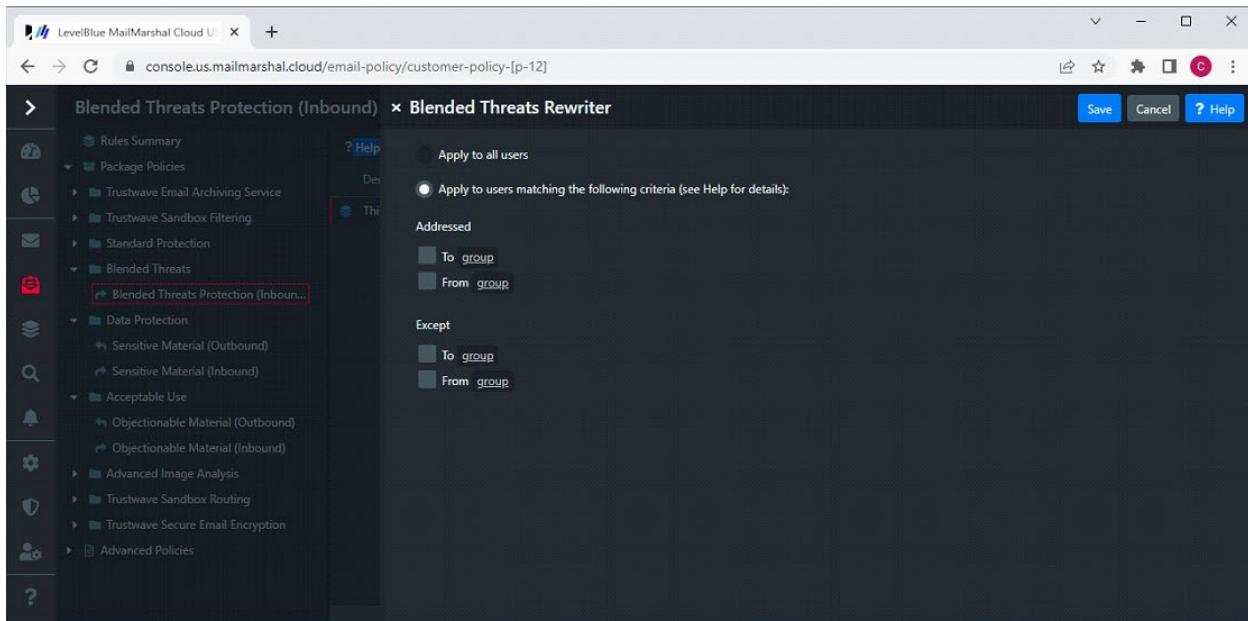
You can configure BTM to not rewrite some URLs, or not rewrite content for some users.



**Caution:** As best practice for security, do not bypass rewriting if at all possible. "Trusted" sites and "busy executive" users are among the highest risks for Blended Threats.

### 8.1 MailMarshal Cloud

To bypass BTM rewriting, configure User Matching on the Blended Threats Rewriter Rule. You can choose to bypass rewriting for messages that are addressed to certain internal users, or from certain external addresses. For testing purposes only, you can choose only to rewrite messages addressed to, or from, specific addresses.

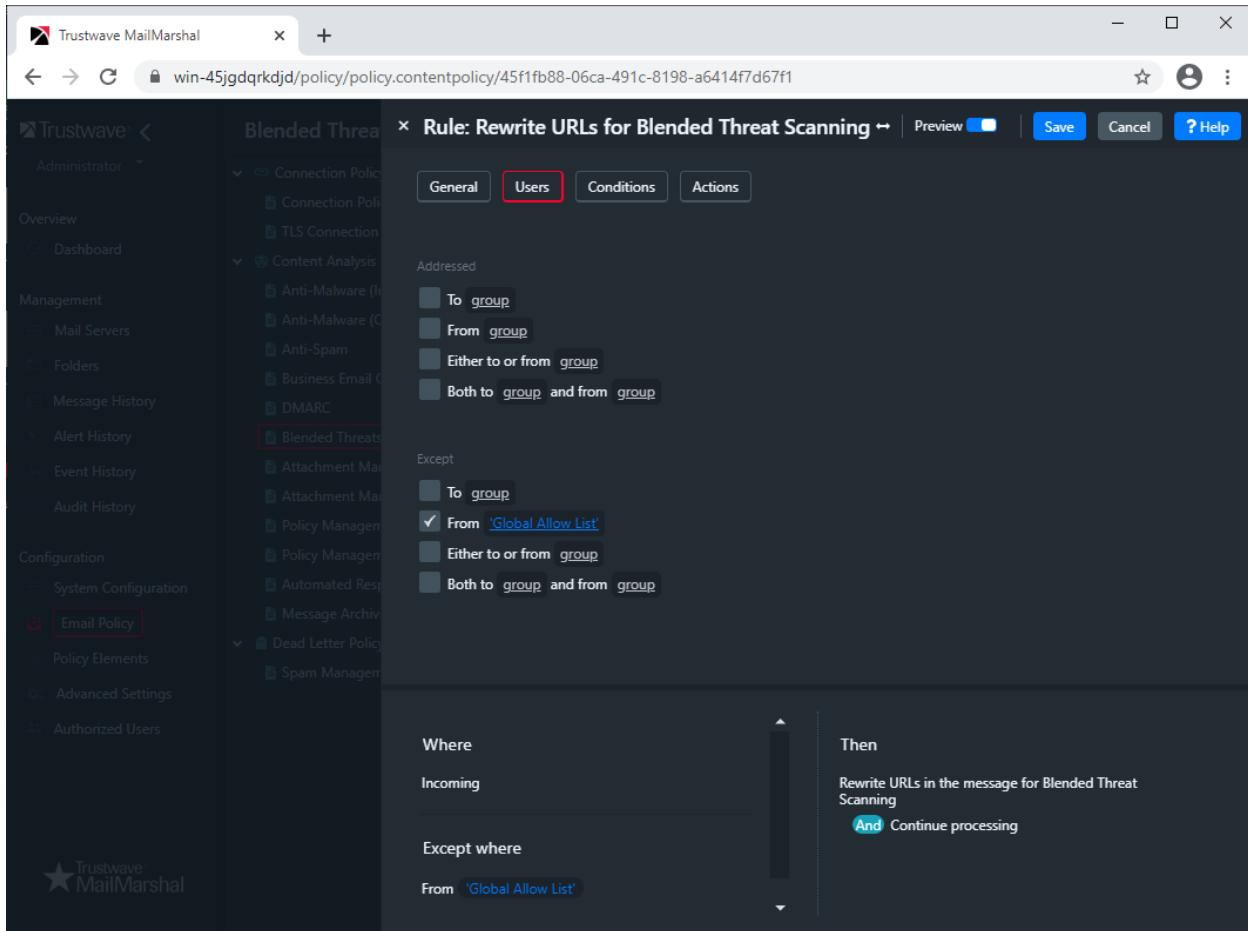


The screenshot shows the 'Blended Threats Protection (Inbound)' configuration page in the LevelBlue MailMarshal Cloud Customer Console. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with categories like Rules Summary, Package Policies, Standard Protection, Blended Threats, Data Protection, Acceptable Use, Advanced Image Analysis, and Advanced Policies. The 'Blended Threats' section is currently selected. The main content area is titled 'Blended Threats Rewriter' and includes sections for 'Apply to all users' (radio button selected) and 'Apply to users matching the following criteria (see Help for details)'. Under 'Addressed', there are 'To group' and 'From group' checkboxes. Under 'Except', there are also 'To group' and 'From group' checkboxes. The top right of the page has 'Save', 'Cancel', and 'Help' buttons.

For more information about User Matching, see Help for this page of the Customer Console.

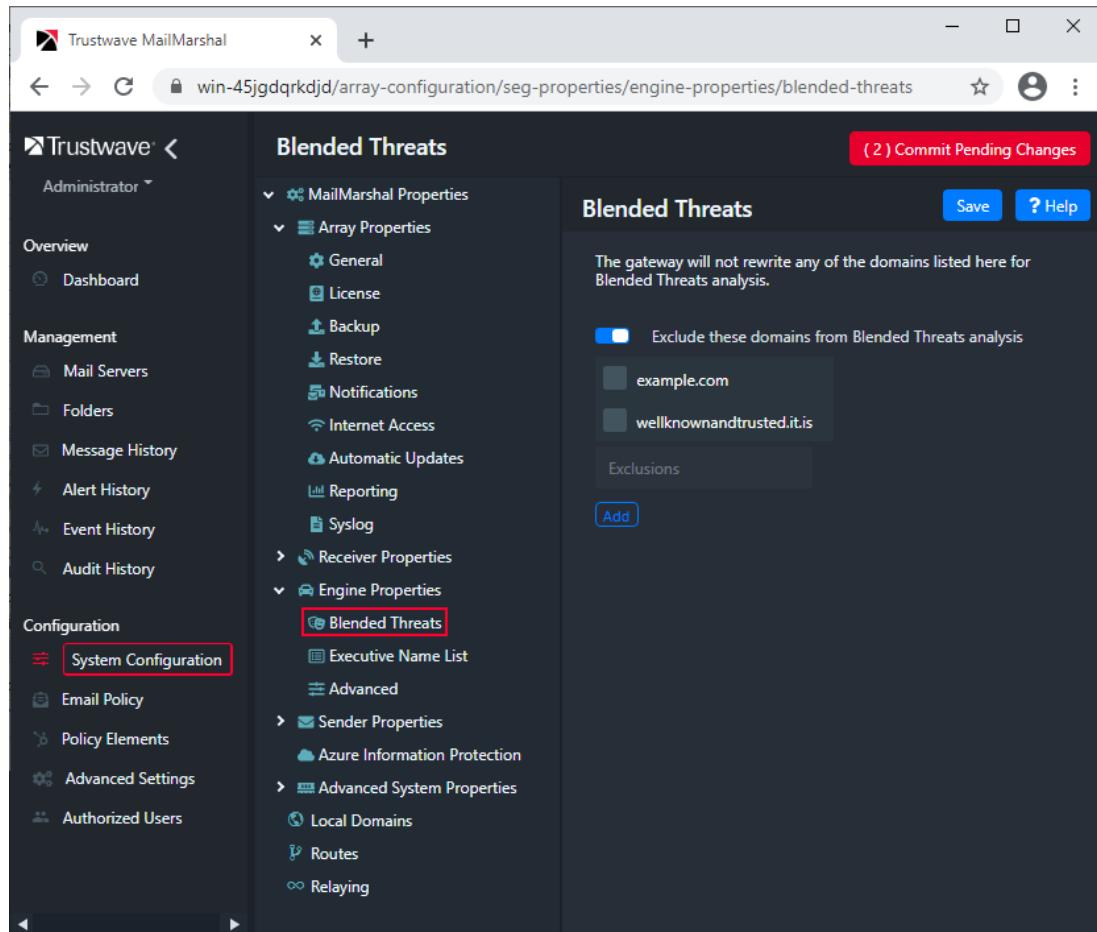
## 8.2 MailMarshal (SEG) Premises

To bypass BTM rewriting, you can add User Matching conditions to the Rewrite URLs for Blended Threat Scanning Rule.



The screenshot shows the Trustwave MailMarshal interface for configuring a rule. The left sidebar shows navigation categories like Overview, Management, Configuration, and Policy Elements. The main panel is titled 'Rule: Rewrite URLs for Blended Threat Scanning'. The 'Users' tab is selected. The 'Addressed' section contains four checkboxes: 'To group', 'From group', 'Either to or from group', and 'Both to group and from group'. The 'Except' section contains four checkboxes, with the 'From 'Global Allow List'' checkbox checked. The 'Where' section is set to 'Incoming'. The 'Then' section contains the rule 'Rewrite URLs in the message for Blended Threat Scanning' and an 'And Continue processing' button.

You can also exclude specific domains from rewriting. In the Management Console, navigate to MailMarshal Properties > Engine Properties > Blended Threats.



The screenshot shows the Trustwave MailMarshal Management Console interface. The left sidebar is titled 'Administrator' and contains the following navigation items:

- Overview
- Dashboard
- Management
  - Mail Servers
  - Folders
  - Message History
  - Alert History
  - Event History
  - Audit History
- Configuration
  - System Configuration (highlighted with a red box)
  - Email Policy
  - Policy Elements
  - Advanced Settings
  - Authorized Users

The main content area is titled 'Blended Threats' and shows the following configuration:

- A message: 'The gateway will not rewrite any of the domains listed here for Blended Threats analysis.'
- A checkbox labeled 'Exclude these domains from Blended Threats analysis'.
- A list of excluded domains:
  - example.com
  - wellknownandtrusted.it.is
- A 'Save' button and a 'Help' button.

## 9 What Reporting on BTM is Available?

Statistics of URLs rewritten, permitted ("safe") clicks, and "unsafe" clicks display on the MailMarshal Premises Console Dashboard and the MailMarshal Cloud Customer Console Dashboard.

## 10 Can I Report Wrong Classifications?

If you find a URL that you think is wrongly classified by BTM validation, you can report it using the web form at <https://support.levelblue.com/submit-URL.asp>

Use this form to report URLs that should be blocked by BTM, or blocked URLs that you believe are legitimate and not malicious.

## About LevelBlue

LevelBlue reduces risk and builds lasting resilience so organizations can innovate and advance their mission with confidence. As the world's most analyst-recognized and largest pure-play managed security services provider, LevelBlue elevates client outcomes that matter: stronger defense, faster response, and sustained business continuity. LevelBlue combines AI-powered security operations, advanced threat intelligence, and elite human expertise to provide the most comprehensive portfolio of strategic advisory, managed security, offensive security, and incident response services.